

APPLICATION NO.

10/014,653

F. Eugene Logan Suite 205

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United States Patent and Trademark Office

FILING DATE

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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
James H. Trato	843A	4812
	EXAMI	NER
	WOOD, ELIZABETH D	

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1755 DATE MAILED: 07/23/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		tax		
	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/014,653	TRATO, JAMES H.		
Offic Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Elizabeth D. Wood	1755		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Peri df r Reply	ears on the cover she t with the o	correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed /s will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on				
_	— · is action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims				
○ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) 14,15 and 18-26 is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13,16 and 17</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers	r election requirement.			
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	·			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep	ted or b)⊡ objected to by the Exa	miner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S	see 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disappro	oved by the Examiner.		
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	ly to this Office action.			
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).		
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No				
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the prior application. 	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	· ·		
14) 🗹 Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	•			
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	visional application has been rec	ceived.		
Attachment(s)	. ,			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s). <u>3</u> . Patent Application (PTO-152)		
S. Patent and Trademark Office				

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Sp cification

The examiner has not checked the specification to the extent necessary to determine the presence of **all** possible minor errors (grammatical, typographical and idiomatic). Cooperation of the applicant(s) is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant(s) may become aware of in the specification, in the claims and in any future amendment(s) that applicant(s) may file.

Applicant(s) is also requested to complete the status of any copending applications referred to in the specification by their Attorney Docket Number or Application Serial Number, **if any**.

The status of the parent application(s) and/or any other application(s) cross-referenced to this application, if **any**, should be updated in a timely manner.

The specification is objected to in the failure to set forth a Brief Description of Figure No. 6.

Election/Restriction

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-13, 16 and 17, drawn to a cement composition, classified in class 106, subclass 751.
- II. Claims 14, 15 and 18-26, drawn to processes involving business methods such as transporting and determining cost, classified in class 700, subclass varies.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are clearly unrelated in that the Group II claims involve processes for conducting business which are clearly different from the cement compositions of Group I.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter and different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Mr. Logan on Junes 26, 2003 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-13, 16 and 17. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 14, 15 and 18-26 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 is indefinite in the recition of "major " components as such is relative terminology with no point of reference.

Claims 7 and 13 are indefinite in that there is no antecedent basis earlier in the claim for the recitation of a "sack" accordingly, the relationship between the amounts is unknown absent the antecedent basis and the definition of a sack. Such definition is subject to change over time and therefore must be set forth in the instant claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-13, 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 4,992,102 to Barbour.

The instantly claimed invention involves a cement composition and method for the production of a cement slurry wherein the novelty resides in the presence of cement and CKD in a weight ratio of between about 2/3 and 3/1.

Barbour is relied upon for the teaching that cement compositions containing both cementitious material and CKD are known in the art. Since the reference teaches that a Fly ash mixture replaces a portion of the cement and the mixture contains a certain percentage of CKD, it can be determined that the amounts of CKD and cement overlap those claimed by applicants. See column 6 and the examples.

It would have been obvious to the skilled artisan to have employed amounts of CKD in accordance with those being claimed herein because overlapping ranges have long been held to constitute a prima facie case of obviousness. Moreover, the skilled artisan would have been motivated to maximize the amount of waste material employed as long as quality of final product is not sacrificed. Accordingly, the artisan could determine effective proportions of the cement components.

Regarding claims 16 and 17, it is considered that terminology such as "effective for closing an abandoned well" represents no more than intended future use and does not change the fact that the reference teaches adding water to cement compositions, which would form a slurry.

Conclusion

Applicants are advised that any evidence to be provided under 37 CFR 1.131 or

1.132 and any amendments to the claims and specification should be submitted prior to

final rejection to be considered timely. It is anticipated that the next office action will be

a final rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Elizabeth D. Wood whose telephone number is 703-

308-3802. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 5:30-2:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Mark Bell can be reached on 703-308-3823. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for

regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-

0661.

Elizabeth D. Wood

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1755

edw

July 22, 2003